

Table 1. Continued

Model Year	Emission Rates											
	Federal					California						
	HC (g/ bhp- hr)	CO (g/ bhp- hr)	NO <sub>x</sub> (g/ bhp- hr)	Evap (g/ test)	Partic- ulates (g/ bhp- hr)	HC+ NO <sub>x</sub>	HC (g/ bhp- hr)	CO (g/bhp- hr)	NO <sub>x</sub> (g/bhp- hr)	Evap (g/ test)	Partic- ulates (g/ bhp- hr)	HC+ NO <sub>x</sub>
Heavy-Duty Truck and Bus Engines <sup>f</sup>												
1969							"	"				
1972							v	v				
1973								40.0 <sup>v</sup>				16.0
1974		40.0				16.0		40.0				16.0
1975		40.0				16.0		30.0				10.0
1977		40.0				16.0	1.0	25.0	7.5			5.0 <sup>w</sup>
1978		40.0				16.0	1.0	25.0	7.5	6		5.0 <sup>w</sup>
1979		25.0				10.0	1.5	25.0	7.5	6		5.0 <sup>w</sup>
1980	1.5	25.0				10.0	1.0	25.0	7.5	2		6.0 <sup>w</sup>
1984	1.5	25.0				10.0	0.5	25.0	7.5	2		4.5 <sup>w</sup>
1985	1.9 <sup>x</sup>	37.1 <sup>y</sup>	10.6 <sup>z</sup>	3 <sup>aa</sup>			0.5	25.0	7.5	2		4.5 <sup>w.bb</sup>
1987	1.1	14.4 <sup>y</sup>	10.6	3			0.5	25.0	7.5	2		4.5 <sup>w</sup>
1988 <sup>cc</sup>	1.1	14.4	6.0	3	0.6		0.5	25.0	7.5	2		4.5 <sup>w</sup>
1991	1.1	14.4	5.0	3	0.25 <sup>dd</sup>		0.5 <sup>ee</sup>	25.0 <sup>ee</sup>	7.5 <sup>ee</sup>	2		4.5 <sup>w</sup>

NOTE: Evap = evaporative HC.

<sup>p</sup> 1.5 for >6,000 lb.

<sup>q</sup> Full useful life requirement = 11 yr/120,000 mi (was 5 yr/50,000 mi).

<sup>r</sup> NO<sub>x</sub> federal standard = 1.2 g/mi under 3,751-lb loaded vehicle weight (LVW), 1.7 g/mi for ≥3,751 lb LVW, and 2.3 g/mi for ≥6,000 lb LVW.

<sup>s</sup> 1.2 for <3,751 lb.

<sup>t</sup> Various test methods, values are not strictly comparable.

<sup>u</sup> 275 ppm HC, 1.5% CO.

<sup>v</sup> 180 ppm HC, 1.0% CO.

<sup>w</sup> A combined standard is optional in lieu of separate HC and NO<sub>x</sub> standards (for example, 1 g HC + 7.5 g NO<sub>x</sub> or 5 g [HC+NO<sub>x</sub>]).

<sup>x</sup> 1.3 for diesel.

<sup>y</sup> 15.5 for diesel.

<sup>z</sup> 10.7 for diesel.

<sup>aa</sup> 4.0 for >20,000 lb.

<sup>bb</sup> Gasoline only and in following years.

<sup>cc</sup> 1988 federal standards for NO<sub>x</sub> have been postponed until 1990.

<sup>dd</sup> Separate standard of 0.1 for all 1991 urban buses and all 1994 engines.

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are classified as heavy-duty vehicles. The driving-cycle philosophies for the light commercial vehicles follow those for passenger cars. For heavy commercial vehicles, engine dynamometers are used, not chassis dynamometers; that is, the engine rather than the vehicle is certified. The new (effective 1985) U.S. transient test procedure for heavy-duty vehicles combines the two philosophies just described in that the cycle is made up in a random way from actual driving cycle data. The use of this

cycle replaces the 13-mode steady-state cycle in use since 1973 in California and since 1974 nationally (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1972).

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**United States.** Emissions standards and test procedures in the United States have changed significantly since the first automobile emission standards were imposed in California in 1966 (see table 1) (General



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